## Fair Rules

- 1.0 During the transport and for the erstwhile allocation of animals, thermostabile containers must be used; if necessary, these must be heated by means of accumulators or hot-water bottles.
- 1.1 Sold animals must be transferred to a quiet place without delay either at the seller's booth or at the information center). The must be transported appropriately and protected against negative influences. Any animal may be deposited at the aforesaid places without causing additional costs.
- 2.0 The following data must be visibly displayed for any exposed animal. Any vendor must hand over detailed "supporting" information to the receiver with any animal that is sold/traded. The prefabricated design (www.terraristikahamm.de/content/index.php) supplied by us may be used.
  - a) Name of the seller b) scientific and vernacular name of the respective species
  - c) area of distrubution d) origin: captured animal / captive-bred specimen
  - e) Status of protection according to EU edict VO 338/97 (appendix A and B), BArtSchV (document 1)
  - f) presumable size of adult animals g) sex of the offered animals (as far as known to the seller)
  - h) bin food specialists, information on the required food items
  - i) The form "Declaration" should be used to warrant a complete and correct declaration of the animals.
- 2.1 Captured specimens of species mentioned in appendix A of the EU edict 338/97 and of species mentioned in the document of the BArtSchV must not be offered, sold or commercialized otherwise. It is forbidden to offer animals off species Alligator, Caiman, Melanosuchus, Paleosuchus, Crocodylinae, Osteolaemus, Gavialine and Tomistominae.. The trade or the leaders of amphibians of the species Caudata is prohibited. The species listed in EU Regulation (EU) 2022/1203 may no longer be traded or placed on the market in any other way. These include Lampropelis getula ssp. and Xenopus laevis
- 3.0 Inspection of the animals must be possible exclusively through on side panel or through the cover lid.
- **4.0** Animals from wetlands must have of a substrate storing humidity or similar media warranting a proper level of relative air humidity. During the fair, these animals must be misted regularly.
- 5.0 Purely aquatic species must be offered in aquariums; in this case, either a land sector is afforded, or the water level must be low that the animals are not forced to swim permanently. Polluted water must be changed at regular intervals.
- 6.0 Larger containers must contain a minimum of decoration, e.g. a cave and a water bowl.
- 7.0 The containers must correspond to the following minimal standards (according to the "Gutachten über Mindestanforderungen an die Haltung von Reptilien" issued by the "Bundesministeriums für Ernährung Landwirtschaft und Forsten" on the 10.01.97.
  - a) sufficient ventilation, illumination and (if necessary) heating.
  - b) suitable substrate for the absorption of excrements.
  - c) the size of the containers must permit the animals to turn round easily. Minimum sizes: 150% of the body length for lizards and amphibians, 33% of the total length for snakes, and 200% of the carapace length for tortoises and turtles.
- 8.0 Any animal must be housed separately; As far as invertebrates are concerned, this does not apply to scorpions, tarantulas and centipedes.
- 9.0 The animals offered must be sane and in perfect state. For each animal a detailed attitude information (care sheats) must given.
- The seller is obliged to inform his clients on the obligatory registration of protected species each animal mentioned in the EU edict 338/97 must dispose of the original documents (certificate conform to the EU edict 338/97) which must be shown at request. The seller is obliged to hand out the said original document (certificate conform to the EU edict 338/97) alongside with the animal. Species mentioned in appendix A of the EU edict 338/97 may be sold only if the seller disposes of a certificate conform to the EU edict 338/97. These animals must not be commercialized by third persons.
  - 10.1 Species mentioned in document 6 of the BArtSchV must be marked according to the respective prescriptions of article 36 of the EU edict 939/97 and §§ 8,10-11of the BArtSchV. The said markings must be inserted by the competent authorities into the certificate conform to EU edict 338/97.
  - 10.2 If animals mentioned in the EU edict 338/97 or in document 1 of the BArtSchV are sold, the seller is obliged to hand out a certificate of origin to the buyer; this document must contain the data required for the registration required in .§ 6,2 of the BArtSchV. This document must contain a hint to the obligatory registration according to § 6, 2 of the 0BARtSchV. The original reception and delivery books mentioned in § 5, 1 of the BArtSchV must be brought along by the sellers, and presented to the competent officals at reques
  - 10.3 Protected species imported from third countries (i.e from those not belonging to the EU) must have an import licence issued by the Bundesamt für Naturschutz if such a licence is obligatory for said species. The must be imported exclusively via the customs posts published in the "Bundesanzeiger" and in the Bulletin of the EU. On importation, the import documents (import licence, import announcement) must be presented to the customs officers,
  - We have classified the following breeding forms as torture breeding and may no longer be traded with immediate effect. "Lemon Frost" leopard geckos (skin tumor formation) /Enigma" leopard geckos (Enigma syndrome) "Spider" ball python (wobble syndrome, deformities in the vestibular system) "Silkback" bearded dragon (lack of mechanical protection of the skin and very high evaporation rate) Diurnal albino lizards and Turtles (lack of melanin leads to increased light sensitivity)
  - 11.0 The animals may be taken out of their containers only in justified cases and in the presence of their owner. Sexing by means of probes is absolutely prohibited.
  - 12.0 The containers must not be knocked or shaken.
  - 13.0 The sellers are obliged to keep an eye on their animals without interuption. Only private exhibitors may be registered retrospectively.
  - 14.0 The said containers must be presented at average table level, i.e. approx. 70 cm above the floor. The sale tables must be secure that the Comtainer may fall. Each sales counter shall be fitted with a tablecloth that reaches front down to the ground
  - 15.0 Mammals must have suitable substrate, hideaways, water and food.
  - 16.0 The cages destined for food animals must be spacious enough to provide sufficient room (both surface and height) for any inmate. As far verterbrates are concerned, approx. 50% of the total surface area must remain available. "The latest requirement of the Veterinary only accepts plastic/one way containers, if those are nontransparent, merely the lid is allowed to be transparent. THER ARE NO EXCEPTIONS!"
  - 17.0 Only weanlings that have already been weaned from the parents and that are already viable on their own can be offered. The offering and sale of live mouse or rat-babies as well as day-old chicks, nude mice and other defect breeds is strictly prohibited
  - 18.0 These animals may be sold to children younger than 16 years only with the consent of the parents. Besides, people younger than 18 years must not enter the room destined for venomous species.
  - **19.0** Poisonous snakes may only be offered in closed, escape-proof display systems!
  - 20.0 In the room destined for venomous species, any manipulation with animals is strictly prohibited.
  - 21.0 The containers with poisonous animals must be secured against unintentional (colored tape) opening.
  - 22.0 Purchased vernomous animals must not be taken along across the fair but have to be deposited at the seller or at the information center. The exhibitors are obliged to inform their clients on this rule.
  - 23.0 Exhibitors who have aroused criticism will be excluded form the forthcoming TERRARISTIKA HAMM. Each single case will be judged by a member of the competent authorities. Poisonous snakes may only be offered in scoring, escape-proof display systems!

The currently valid regulations of the Poisonous Animal Act NRW must be observed! providers and Buyers are to be informed that the delivery, sale or purchase of poisonous animals is prohibited in accordance with Section 2 (1) for private keeping in North Rhine-Westphalia.

1. all poisonous snake species in the strict sense (families Viperidae, Atractaspididae and Elapidae) as well as from the family of snakes (Colubridae) all species of the genera Boiga (Night Tree Snakes), Dispholidus (Boomslang), Thelotornis (Tree Snakes) and the species Rhabdophis tigrinus (Tiger Snake), 2. from the order of the scorpions (Scorpiones) from the family Buthidae all species of the genera Androctonus, Apistobuthus, Buthacus, Buthus, Centruroides, Hottentotta (Buthotus), Leiurus, Mesobuthus, Odonthobuthus, Parabuthus and Tityus as well as the species of the genera Bothriurus, Hemiscorpius and Nebo as well 3. from the order of web spiders (Araneae) the species of the genera Atrax, Hadronyche and Illawara (funnel web spiders), Latrodectus (black widows), Loxosceles (spider spiders), Sicarius and Hexophthalma (American and African six-eyed crab spiders), Phoneutria (banana spiders), Missulena (Mouse spiders) and from the family of tarantulas (Theraphosidae) the species of the genus Poecilotheria (Indian ornamental tarantulas). The above list of species also includes subspecies and crosses (hybrid forms) with other subspecies and species...